





## Phase I – Immediate Postoperative Phase "Restrictive Motion" (Weeks 0-6)

- Protect the anatomic repair
- Prevent negative effects of immobilization
- Promote dynamic stability and proprioception
- Diminish pain and inflammation

# Phase II – Intermediate Phase: Moderate Protection Phase (Weeks 7-14)

- Gradually restore full ROM (week 10)
- Preserve the integrity of the surgical repair
- Restore muscular strength and balance
- Enhance neuromuscular control

## Phase III – Minimal Protection Phase (Week 15-20)

- Maintain full ROM
- Improve muscular strength, power and endurance
- Gradually initiate functional activities

# Phase IV – Advanced Strengthening Phase (Weeks 21-24)

- Enhance muscular strength, power and endurance
- Progress functional activities
- Maintain shoulder mobility

# Phase V – Return to Activity Phase (Months 7-9)

- Gradual return to sport activities
- · Maintain strength, mobility and stability



\*\*NO active ER or

**Extension or Abduction** 

Submaximal isometrics

for shoulder musculature

• Rhythmic stabilization

drills ER/IR

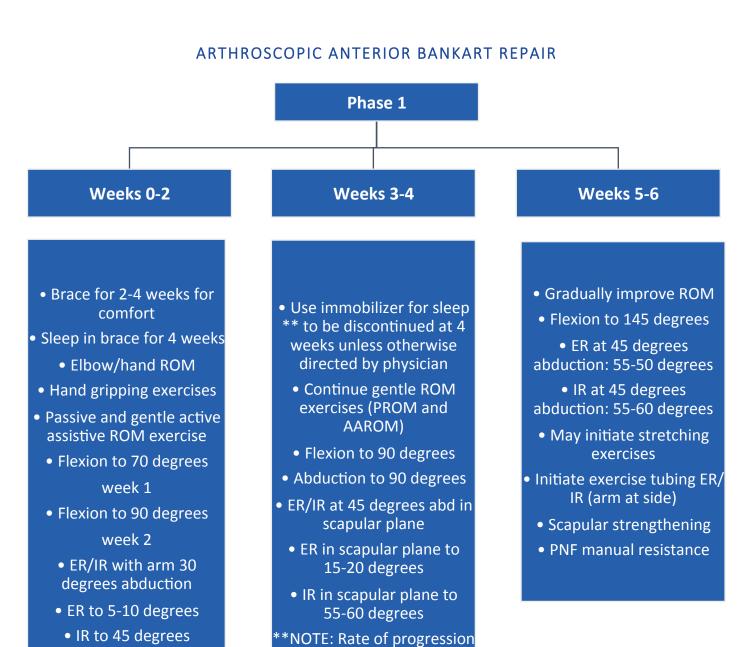
• Proprioception drills

• Cryotherapy, modalities

as indicated







based on evaluation of the

patient

No excessive ER, extension

or elevation

Continue isometrics and

rhythmic stabilization

(submax)

Core stabilization program

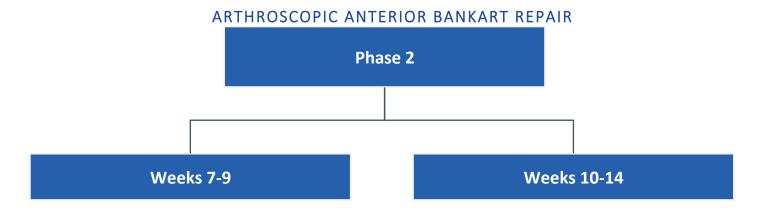
• Initiate scapular

Strengthening programContinue use of cryotherapy









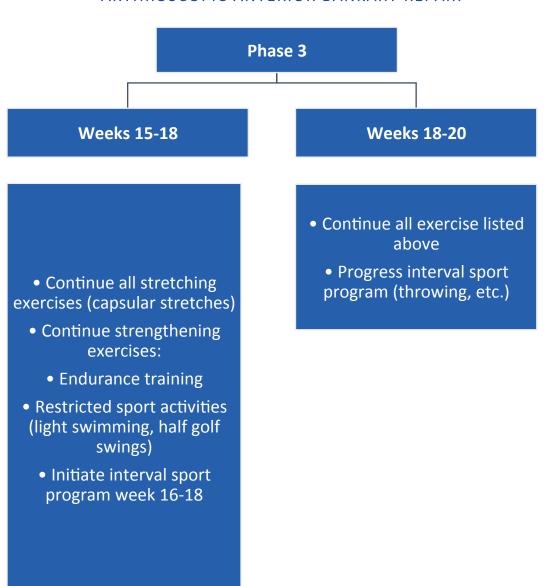
- Gradually progress ROM;
  - Flexion to 160 degrees
- Initiate ER/IR at 90 degrees abd
- ER at 90 degrees abduction: 70-80 degrees at week 7
  - ER to 90 degrees at weeks 8-9
- IR at 90 degrees abduction: 70-75 degrees
  - Continue to progress isotonic strengthening program
  - Continue PNF strengthening

- May initiate slightly more aggressive strengthening
  - Progress isotonic strengthening exercises
  - Continue all stretching exercises
- \*\*Progress ROM to functional demands (i.e. overhead athlete)
- Progress to isotonic strengthening (light and restricted ROM)









### **Criteria to Enter Phase III:**

- 1) Full non-painful ROM
- 2) Satisfactory stability
- 3) Muscular strength 50-75% of contralateral side
- 4) No pain or tenderness







# Phase 4 Weeks 21-24

- Continue flexibility exercises
- Continue isotonic strengthening program
  - NM control drills
  - Plyometric strengthening
  - Progress interval sport programs

## **Criteria to Enter Phase IV:**

- 1) Full Non-Painful ROM
- 2) Satisfactory static stability
- 3) Muscular strength 75-80% of contralateral side
- 4) No pain or tenderness







# Phase 5 Months 7-9

- Gradually progress sport activities to unrestrictive participation
  - Continue stretching and strengthening program

## **Criteria to Enter Phase V:**

- 1) Full functional ROM
- 2) Satisfactory isokinetic test that fulfills criteria
- 3) Satisfactory shoulder stability
- 4) No pain or tenderness